
max

syntax: `max(x)`

purpose: Find the largest value in a vector. For matrices, the maximum is found separately in each column.

examples:

```
>> x = [1 5 4 2 3 3 5 4];
>> max(x) => ans: 5
>> mat = [1 4; 2 5; 3 6];
>> max(mat) => ans: 3 6
>> max(max(mat)) => ans: 6
```

see also: MIN

min

syntax: `min(x)`

purpose: Find the smallest value in a vector.

see also: MAX

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